

**COURSE – HR-01**  
**Human Rights in International Scenario**  
Section -A

- Q.1 Human
- Q.2 Right
- Q.3 Globalization
- Q.4 Civil Rights
- Q.5 Political rights
- Q.6 Economical rights
- Q.7 Cultural rights
- Q.8 *De jure*
- Q.9 Legal System
- Q.10 Life
- Q.11 Liberty
- Q.12 Property
- Q.13 13th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution prohibits ...?....( slavery)
- Q.14 All human rights *are ...?.....(inalienable)*
- Q.15 Universal Declaration says that “Everyone has the right to freedom of movement”.....(Article 13).
- Q.16 Universal Declaration says that “No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention, or exile” .....?.... (Article 9).
- Q.17 Universal Declaration says that “All are equal before the law” ...?.(Article 7).

- Q.18 Main thread of Environmental Right .
- Q.19 Social Rights
- Q.20 Racial Discrimination
- Q.21 Labour rights fall within the ...?....(economic) rights of international covenant.
- Q.22 Human Rights are some time known as ....?...Rights.
- Q.23 Anti Slavery U.N. convention was held in year....?..
- Q.24 First world war was started in year....?...
- Q.25 Magna Carta is of year ....?... .
- Q.26 I.L.O. was formed in year ...?...
- Q.27 Full form of U.N.D.H.R.
- Q.28 The Guinness Book of Records- “most translated document in the world”.
- Q.29 Full form of ILO
- Q.30 UDHR has ....?... Articles. (30)

## **Section –B**

- Q.1 Orthodox Conception of Human rights
- Q.2 Practical Conception of Human Rights
- Q.3 Rights of Women
- Q.4 Rights of Child
- Q.5 Rights of Minorities
- Q.6 Environment and Environmental Rights
- Q.7 Social Welfare and Human rights
- Q.8 Human Rights in Vedas
- Q.9 Megna Carta and Human rights
- Q.10 American Revolution and Human rights
- Q.11 Historical Background of UDHR.
- Q.12 Influence of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.
- Q.13 Implementation of human rights.
- Q.14 Right to equal pay for equal work.
- Q.15 Implementation of Human Rights.

- Q.16 Enforcement Machinery for Human Rights.
- Q.17 Measures for Implementatio of Human Rights. Explain Tortuous Act
- Q.18 Labours Human Rights.
- Q.19 Abolition of death penalty and Human Rights.
- Q.20 The Security Council and Human Rights.
- Q.21 General Assembly of UNO.
- Q.22 The Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)
- Q.23 The International Court of Justice.
- Q.24 The High Commissioner for Refugees

### **Section -C**

- Q.1 Discuss the nature and characteristics of Human Rights.
- Q.2 Discuss the origin of human rights as recognized by United Nations.
- Q.3 Analyze the roles of American and French revolutions in the development of Human Rights.
- Q.4 Discuss in brief the rights enumerated in UDHR.
- Q.5 Discuss the influence of UDHR at national and International level.
- Q.6 Discuss the substantive civil, economical and political rights provided by the International covenant on civil and political rights.
- Q.7 Discuss the substantive civil and political rights provided by the International covenant on civil and political rights.
- Q.8 Discuss the working of the Security Council and General Assembly as human rights protector.
- Q.9 Discuss the contribution of ILO in the protection of human rights.
- Q.10 Describe the role of ICJ and ICC in the protection of Human rights with the help of cases.
- Q.11 What do you mean by International Humanitarian Law? Discuss the nature and extent of prohibition of use of force under UN charter and International Humanitarian Law?
- Q.12 Whether protection of war victims and prevention of war can be done through Laws? Discuss, also summarize the rules of humanitarian law applicable in armed conflicts.
- Q.13 Describe the role of NGOs in protecting human rights.
- Q.14 Enumerate the basic hurdles towards the development of private advocacy and NGOs relating to human rights nourishment.
- Q.15 Discuss the nature and extent of protection provided under the CEDAW and CRC.
- Q.16 Discuss the need of separate laws or conventions for the protection of rights of child and women.